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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/822,004	04/12/2004	Heung-sup Jeong	101-1028	1588
38209 7590 12/19/2006 STANZIONE & KIM, LLP 919 18TH STREET, N.W. SUITE 440 WASHINGTON, DC 20006			EXAMINER	
			GRAINGER, C	ANA MASHELL
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
***************************************	, 20 2000		2852	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVER	Y MODE
3 MONTHS		12/19/2006	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

<u>k</u>						
·	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/822,004	JEONG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Quana M. Grainger	2852				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY	/ IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONT	H(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS				
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		·				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 Oc	ctober 2006.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) 19-27 and 29-39 is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	·					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not recei	ved.				
		•				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1, 3, and 5-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Abe et al. (US2003/0086732). Abe et al. teaches an electrophotographic printer comprising: a main frame, a photosensitive drum unit vertically detachably installed on the main frame, and having a photosensitive drum 17 on which an electrostatic latent image is formed; and an intermediate transfer unit vertically detachably installed on the main frame, and having a transfer surface to which a toner image is transferred from the photosensitive drum, wherein the intermediate transfer unit 9 is installed above the photosensitive drum unit. The photosensitive drum unit further comprises a charger 19 to charge the photosensitive drum to a uniform potential. The intermediate transfer unit 9 further comprises a second cleaning device 15 to remove toner remaining on the transfer belt before the toner image is transferred to the sheet. The electrophotographic printer further comprising: a plurality of development units each having a developing roller to form the toner image by supplying toner to the electrostatic latent image,

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wherein the plurality of development units slide in a horizontal direction (an vertical direction) and are detachably installed on the main frame.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 5. Claims 2, 4, and 7-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abe et al. and further in view of Nonami. Abe et al. does not teach a cleaner device, a pre-transfer eraser, or an eraser device with light guide.

Nonami teaches eraser device comprising a lamp and a light guide for use within an electrophotographic printer. The examiner takes official notice that it is known in the art to use a pre-transfer eraser, a bushing at both end of a developing roller, insertion preventing units, and a cleaner device (see cited references).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the teaching of Nonami with the image forming device of Abe et al. to erase an image and increase image quality.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the teaching of a pre-transfer eraser as is known in the art with that image forming device of Abe et al. since a pre-transfer eraser increases transfer efficiency.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the teaching of a bushing at the ends of a developing roller as is known in the art with that image forming device of Abe et al. to set a development gap between the developing roller and the photosensitive drum.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the teaching of Abe et al. with the image forming device that has a cleaner device to obtain an image forming device with easy replacement of consumables (Abe et al.; paragraph [0016]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the teaching of erroneous insertion preventing units or recognition units as is known in the art with that image forming device of Abe et al. to insure proper installation of color cartridges.

6. Claims 14-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abe et al. in view of Hamano et al. Abe et al. teaches a duplex path and that the sheet transport is rotatably installed. Abe et al. does not teach a transfer roller in the transfer device.

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Hamano et al. teaches a transfer device having a transfer roller and wherein the transfer device moves in an out of contact with the drum (figure 5) and a waste toner storage container 232.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the teaching of Hamano et al. with the image forming device of Abe et al. to reduce wear on the drum due to constant contact with the transfer device.

Prior Art

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Inaba teaches a transfer belt installed above a photosensitive drum. Oogi et al. teaches a pre-transfer eraser. Matsuoka teaches a color image forming apparatus having cleaner devices. Komuro teaches spacer rollers for setting the development spacing. Trafton et al. teaches a color cartridge that is discriminated by shape so that it can only be installed in one slot of the image forming apparatus.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 10-3-2006 have been fully considered but they are not moot in view of the new rejection.

Applicant's election with traverse of 1-18 in the reply filed on 10-3-2006 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the examination of all the claims is not burdensome. This is not found persuasive because the examination of all of the claims are burdensome and have become even more so as the amendment process has affect the scope and the number of claims. Further, the application contains several subcombinations that are usable together and are separate inventions.

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The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Contact Information

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Quana M. Grainger whose telephone number is 571-272-2135. The examiner can normally be reached on 8am-6pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Gray can be reached on 571-272-2119. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Quana M Grainger Primary Examiner Art Unit 2852